WORK-RELATED ARM PAIN AND CTS

BENIGN, MOSTLY HARMLESS,
AND SELF-LIMITED.
BUT THEY COST A FORTUNE

Steven G. Atcheson, M.D. Medical Director
SpecialtyHealth, Inc.



"It is incident to physicians, I am afraid, beyond all other men, to mistake subsequence for consequence."

Samuel Johnson (1734)

NOWHERE IS THIS ILLUSTRATED MORE CLEARLY THAN WITH ARM PAIN AND THE CARPAL TUNNEL SYNDROME

THE NATURE OF THE PROBLEM MUSCULOSKELETAL DISORDERS (MSDs)

- DEFINED BY BLS: INJURIES OR ILLNESSES AFFECTING MUSCLES, NERVES, TENDONS, DISCS, O'THER CONNECTIVE TISSUE NOT CAUSED BY DIRECT TRAUMA TO THE BODY, BUT FROM ACTIVITIES SUCH AS BENDING, TWISTING, REPETITION, ETC
- INCLUDES CARPAL TUNNEL SYNDROME, SPRAINS, STRAINS, TEARS, SORENESS AND <u>PAIN</u>

MSD's: A VERY COSTLY PROBLEM

SOFT TISSUE COMPLAINTS (BLS 2006)

- SPRAINS/STRAINS 40% OF ALL INJURIES/ILLNESSES
- PAIN/SORENESS ALONE 9% OF ALL

CTS/TENDONITIS

- ONLY 1.5 % OF TOTAL
- CTS CASES W/LOST WORK TIME HAD MEDIAN
 27 DAYS OFF WORK, SAME AS FRACTURES,
 AND MORE THAN AMPUTATIONS

OVER 300,000 SEPARATE MSD's RESULTING IN LOST TIME ARE REPORTED EVERY YEAR

THE STORY OF SUSAN M

- SYMPTOM ONSET AGE 50
- OFFICE/CLERICAL WORK FOR 30 YEARS
- DEVELOPS PAIN A'T BASE OF BO'TH
 'THUMBS WITH USE, WORSE WITH SOME
 WORK ACTIVITIES
- ASSUMED IT WAS DUE TO HER JOB BUT DID NOTHING ABOUT IT OTHER THAN TAKE OTC MEDS

IS MUSCULOSKELETAL PAIN NORMAL?

OUR DAILY ACHES AND PAINS

IF YOU LIVE LONG ENOUGH, YOU WILL NOT SHED YOUR MORTAL COIL WITHOUT AT LEAST ONE BOUT OF SIGNIFICANT BACK, NECK AND LIMB PAIN,

AND HAVE NO IDEA HOW OR WHY IT HAPPENED

SYMPTOMS IN THE COMMUNITY

AFFLICTION

PREVALENCE

JOINT PAIN

37%

BACK PAIN

32%

ARM/LEG PAIN

24%

LIFETIME PREVALENCE IN 13,538 PEOPLE IN 4 COMMUNITIES

PAIN WAS "EXCESSIVE" AND CAUSED "A LOT OF PROBLEMS"

Archives of Internal Medicine 1993;153:2474-80

SYMPTOMS IN THE COMMUNITY

LOCATION

ANNUAL INCIDENCE

■ SHOULDER

10%

■ ELBOW

15%

WRIST

25%

THIS IS PAIN OCCURRING WITHOUT ANY DEFINITE TRAUMA, MEMORABLE AND LASTING A WEEK OR MORE

ONLY A SMALL PORTION OF THESE PEOPLE WILL SEEK ANY MEDICAL HELP, AND EVEN FEWER WILL FILE A WORKERS' COMP CLAIM

IS I'T A REAL INJURY, OR DO YOU JUST HUR'T?

- AN ILLNESS IS AN UNHEALTHY
 CONDITION OF THE MIND OR BODY, AND
 MAY NOT BE DUE TO A DISEASE
- HAVING AN ILLNESS DOES NO'T IMPLY 'THE PRESENCE OF *INJURY*, *HARM*, OR *DAMAGE*
- A REAL INJURY RESULTS FROM REAL DISEASE

REAL DISEASE

THE BODY'S RESPONSE TO ENVIRONMENTAL OR GENETIC FACTORS

TRAUMA MALNUTRITION
TOXINS METABOLIC ERRORS
INFECTION

DISEASE IMPLIES TISSUE PATHOLOGY
CAUSING MALFUNCTION, WITH A
POTENTIAL FOR DAMAGE

REAL TRAUMA

- TRAUMA CAUSES INJURY: A WOUND
- TRUE INJURIES RESULT IN DAMAGE,
 WHICH IMPLIES LOSS TEMPORARY OR
 NOT
- TRAUMA IMPLIES THE APPLICATION OF EXTERNAL FORCE OR VIOLENCE

SUSAN'S HANDS GET NUMB

- 3 YEARS LATER, AT AGE 53
- HER THUMBS ARE STILL HURTING WITH USE (THIS IS NOT NORMAL!)
- DEVELOPS NOCTURNAL HAND NUMBNESS AND TINGLING
- NUMBNESS IS NOT PRESENT WITH WORK AT FIRST, AND SYMPTOMS ARE RELIEVED WITH ACTIVITY

WHAT ABOUT NUMB HANDS?

DOES SHE HAVE CARPAL TUNNEL

SYNDROME (CTS)?

NUMB HANDS ARE COMMON

SURVEYS OF LARGE NUMBERS OF PEOPLE HAVE SHOWN THE PREVALENCE OF "TYPICAL" SYMPTOMS SUGGESTIVE OF CTS TO BE 14% - 20%

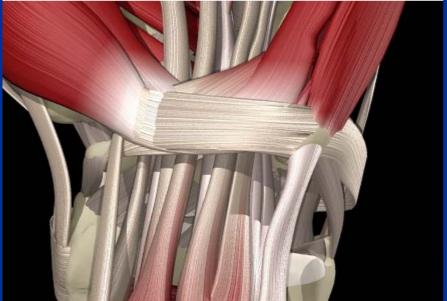
SO JUST WHAT <u>IS</u> CARPAL TUNNEL SYNDROME?

CTS IS A COMPRESSION OR ENTRAPMENT NEUROPATHY ANY CONDITION THAT INCREASES PRESSURE ON THE MEDIAN NERVE AS IT PASSES THROUGH THE NARROW CARPAL TUNNEL CAN CAUSE THE TYPICAL NUMBNESS, TINGLING, OR PINS-AND-NEEDLES SENSATIONS IN THE FINGERS SERVED BY THE MEDIAN NERVE

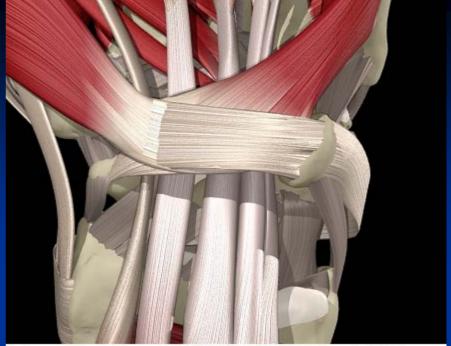
EDEMA, THICKENED SOFT TISSUES, BONE SPURS, HEMORRHAGE, TUMORS OF ANY TYPE



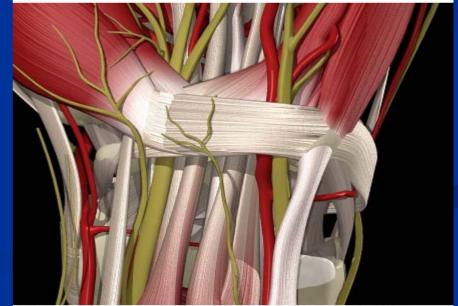
Interacti∨e Hand 2000 © 2000 Primal Pictures Ltd.



Interacti∨e Hand 2000 © 2000 Primal Pictures Ltd.



Interacti∨e Hand 2000 © 2000 Primal Pictures Ltd.

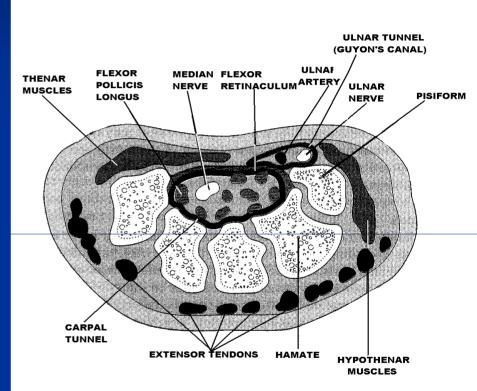


Interacti∨e Hand 2000 © 2000 Primal Pictures Ltd.

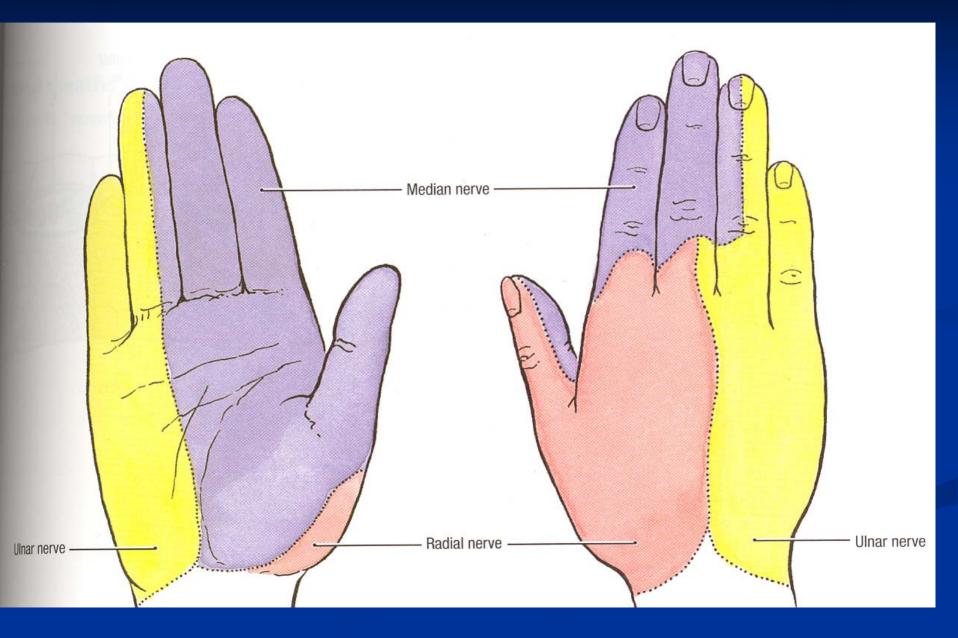
A CROWDED PLACE



Ltd.



NERVE SUPPLY TO THE HAND



DIAGNOSING CTS

AT A MINIMUM:

- ABNORMAL SENSATION LOCALIZED TO THE MEDIAN NERVE DISTRIBUTION OF THE HAND, PLUS
- ABNORMAL MEDIAN NERVE CONDUCTION, WITH SLOWING AT THE WRIST

IDEALLY:

- SYMPTOMS HAVE PERSISTED OVER TIME, AND
- NERVE STUDIES CORRECTED FOR CONFOUNDERS

SUSAN FINALLY SEES A. DOCTOR

- REFERRED TO ORTHOPEDIST, WHO DID X-RAYS BUT NO LAB WORK
- DIAGNOSED THUMB OSTEOARTHRITIS AND CTS
- SAID HER CONDITIONS WERE WORK-RELATED
- SAID SHE MIGHT NEED SURGERY AND ORDERED ELECTRODIAGNOSTICS (EMG's)

WHAT ABOUT EMG's FOR THE DIAGNOSIS OF CTS?

MEDIAN NERVE CONDUCTION STUDIES

"ABNORMAL" NERVE CONDUCTION IS ASSOCIATED WITH MANY FACTORS:

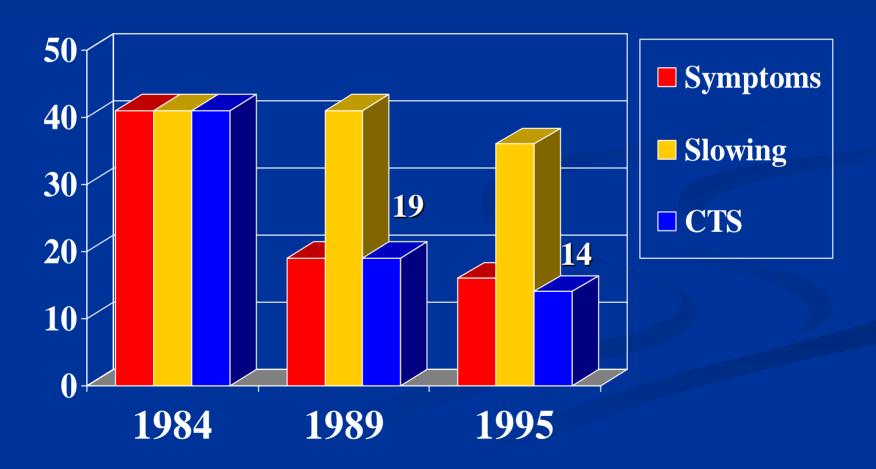
- AGE
- GENDER
- BODY MASS INDEX (OBESITY)
- ARM TEMPERATURE

FAILURE TO CORRECT FOR THESE FACTORS MAY RESULT IN A FALSE-POSITIVE TEST RESULT

FALSE-POSITIVE NERVE STUDIES ARE COMMON

- A STUDY OF 50 ASYMPTOMATIC PEOPLE SHOWED THAT 46% HAD AT LEAST 1 FALSE-POSITIVE RESULT
- A POPULATION-BASED STUDY IN SWEDEN FOUND THAT 18.4% OF ASYMPTOMATIC PEOPLE HAD ABNORMAL MEDIAN NERVE CONDUCTION STUDIES

NUMB HANDS AND ABNORMAL NERVE TESTS ARE NOT PERMANENT 41 HANDS WITH CTS IN 1984



SUSAN HAS SURGERY

- THE EMG'S SHOW MEDIAN NERVE SLOWING A'T BO'TH WRISTS, CONSISTEN'T WITH C'TS
- THE X-RAYS SHOW SEVERE OSTEOARTHRITIS OF THE BASILAR THUMB (1st CMC) JOINTS
- SHE HAS BILATERAL 1st CMC (BASILAR THUMB)
 ARTHROPLASTIES AND BILATERAL CARPAL
 TUNNEL RELEASES

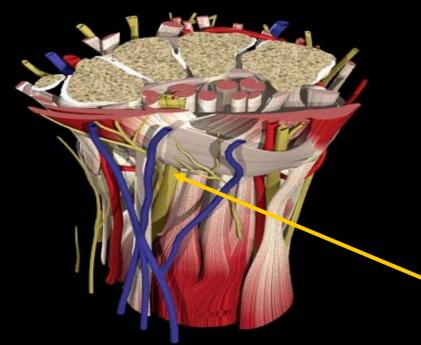
THE SURGERY WORKS GREAT!
THUMB PAIN AND HAND NUMBNESS ALL
GO AWAY.

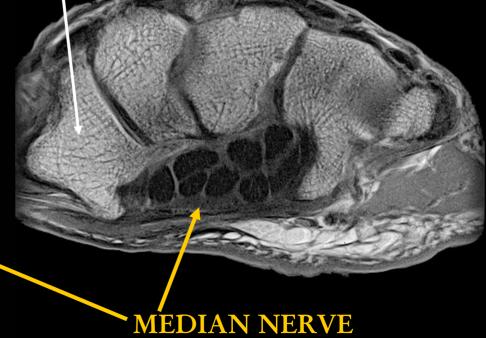
WHY DID THINGS WORK OUT SO WELL!

- SUSAN HAD A REAL DISEASE
 (OSTEOARTHRITIS) CAUSING HER CARPAL
 TUNNEL SYNDROME
- WHEN THE ANATOMIC DERANGEMENT FROM THE OSTEO WAS CORRECTED, THE PRESSURE ON THE MEDIAN NERVES WAS RELIEVED AND HER CTS DISAPPEARED ALONG WITH THE THUMB PAIN
- THE ORTHOPEDIST DID EVERYTHING RIGHT OVER 40% OF PEOPLE WITH BASILAR THUMB OSTEOARTHRITIS HAVE ASSOCIATED CTS

REAL DISEASE







Interacti∨e Hand 2000 © 2000 Primal Pictures

Interactive Hand 2000 © 2000 Primal Pictures Ltd.

Ltd.

CTS IS A SYNDROME, NOT A DISEASE

- A SYNDROME IS A SPECIFIC COLLECTION OF SYMPTOMS AND SIGNS THAT AIDS THE PHYSICIAN IN DIAGNOSING THE DISEASE THAT IS CAUSING THE ILLNESS
- SYNDROMES ARE INDICATORS OF POSSIBLE DISEASE BUT ARE NOT DIAGNOSTIC OF ANY SINGLE DISEASE
- WHEN YOU DIAGNOSE A SYNDROME, YOU MUST DEVELOP A DIFFERENTIAL DIAGNOSIS

DIFFERENTIAL DIAGNOSIS OF CARPAL TUNNEL SYNDROME

■ METABOLIC

PREGNANCY
'THYROID
DIABETES MELLITUS
ACROMEGALY
AMYLOID

■ INFLAMMATORY

WRIST AR'THRITIS,
'TENOSYNOVITIS,
RAYNAUD'S, RA,
LUPUS, GOUT,
SPONDYLOAR'THRO
- PA'THY, INFECTION

■ MECHANICAL / DEGENERATIVE/OTHER

OSTEOARTHRITIS, OBESITY, TRAUMA, CYST, LIPOMA, CONGENITAL

PEOPLE DON'T GET BETTER, 'THEY JUST GET OLDER

- 5 YEARS AFTER SURGERY, AT AGE 58, SUSAN ONCE AGAIN DEVELOPS NOCTURNAL HAND NUMBNESS AND TINGLING
- THIS TIME THE NUMBNESS OCCUPIES THE ENTIRE HAND, AND SHE HAS BEEN UNUSUALLY TIRED
- HAD HER CLAIM REOPENED AND SAW A COMP DOCTOR. ORDERED EMG's. NO LAB
- EMG's AGAIN CONSISTENT WITH BILATERAL CTS
- HE SAID SHE HAD TO STOP WORKING OR FACE "PERMANENT NERVE DAMAGE"

DOES ANY OF THIS MAKE SENSE?

NERVE DAMAGE AND CTS

- IF SYMPTOMS ARE INTERMITTENT, THEN BY DEFINITION NO NERVE DAMAGE CAN HAVE OCCURRED. TRUE NERVE DAMAGE IS RARE IN CTS.
- NOTE THAT THE NUMBNESS ONLY OCCURS WHEN HER HANDS ARE AT REST, AND GOES AWAY WHEN SHE IS MOVING HER HANDS, AND AT WORK
- DOES IT MAKE ANY SENSE TO IMPOSE ANY WORK RESTRICTIONS, SINCE WORK IS WHAT MAKES HER FEEL BETTER?
- THERE IS NOT A SHRED OF EVIDENCE THAT ANY PARTICULAR WORK RESTRICTION HELPS ANYONE WITH CTS

THERE IS NO EVIDENCE THAT ANY KIND OF WORK MAKES CTS FUNDAMENTALLY WORSE

SUSAN'S RED FLAGS FOR CTS

RECURRENT CTS AFTER SURGERY

- SURGERY IS SUCCESSFUL 95% OF THE TIME IN CTS
- FAILURE TO IMPROVE, OR RECURRANT SYMPTOMS SHOULD PROMPT A FRESH EVALUATION

PARESTHESIAS NOT CLASSIC FOR CTS

 HAD SYMPTOMS INVOLVING BOTH THE MEDIAN AND ULNAR NERVE AREAS

SYMPTOMS OF POSSIBLE SYSTEMIC DISEASE

- UNUSUAL FATIGUE, HAIR LOSS, FEVERS, NIGHT SWEATS, WEIGHT CHANGE, SKIN RASHES
- THESE ALL POINT TO A SYSTEMIC PROBLEM, NOT A LOCALIZED ONE

SUSAN ASKS FOR A SECOND OPINION

SUCCESS AGAIN

SUSAN FINALLY GETS LAB WORK DONE FOR CTS

- SERUM TSH IS 24 (NORMAL UP TO 4.8)
- SERUM T4 LOW
- THYROID REPLACEMENT STARTED
- TOLD TO CONTINUE HER REGULAR JOB WITH NO RISK OF NERVE DAMAGE
 - AFTER 5 MONTHS ALL HAND NUMBNESS GONE, AND ENERGY BACK TO NORMAL

IS CARPAL TUNNEL SYNDROME CAUSED BY REPETITIVE USE?

AN EXAMINATION OF THE CURRENT EVIDENCE

HYPOTHESIS

THAT MANY PEOPLE ALREADY
CERTIFIED WITH WORK-RELATED
CARPAL TUNNEL SYNDROME HAVE
A CONCURRENT MEDICAL DISEASE
KNOWN TO BE ABLE TO CAUSE THE
SYNDROME

Concurrent Medical Disease in Work-Related Carpal Tunnel Syndrome

Steven G. Atcheson, MD; John R. Ward, MD; Wing Lowe, PhD

Archives of Internal Medicine, July, 1998

EDITORIAL

The Many Faces of Carpal Tunnel Syndrome



ARPAL TUNNEL syndrome (CTS) is the most common of the nerve entrapment disorders. The symptoms associated with this syndrome result from compression of the median nerve typically as it passes

fice visits, yet diagnostic laboratory studies were ordered only 25 times. Careful review of these patients by the authors found that up to two thirds of them either had a medical illness or were obese. However, many textbooks have made CTS synonymous with repetitive motion disorder.

CONCURRENT DISEASE IN WORK-RELATED CTS

- 297 PATIENTS CERTIFIED WITH OCCUPATIONAL HAND/ARM PAIN
- DISEASES DIAGNOSED ACCORDING TO STANDARD CRITERIA
- JOBS CATEGORIZED ACCORDING TO TASK DESCRIPTION OR INDUSTRY
- 4 SEPARATE CASE DEFINITIONS OF CTS

MEDICAL DISEASES DIAGNOSED

■ METABOLIC

41 (13.8%)

HYPOTHYROID 18 (6.1%)

DIABETES MELLITUS 17 (5.7%)

GOUT / OTHERS 6 (2.0%)

■ INFLAMMATORY 33 (11.1%)

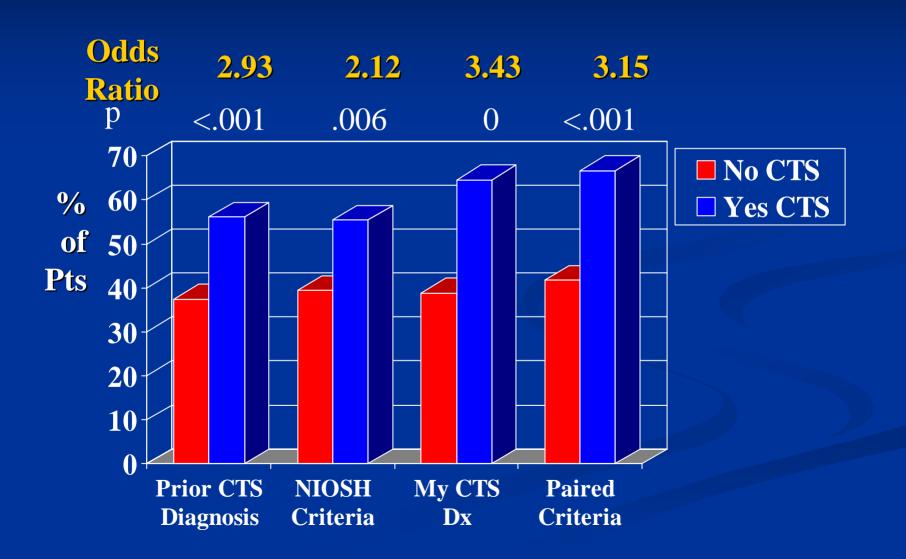
RA, SPONDYLOARTHROPATHY, RAYNAUD'S, SLE, UNCLASSIFIED CTD

OSTEOARTHRITIS 35 (11.7%)

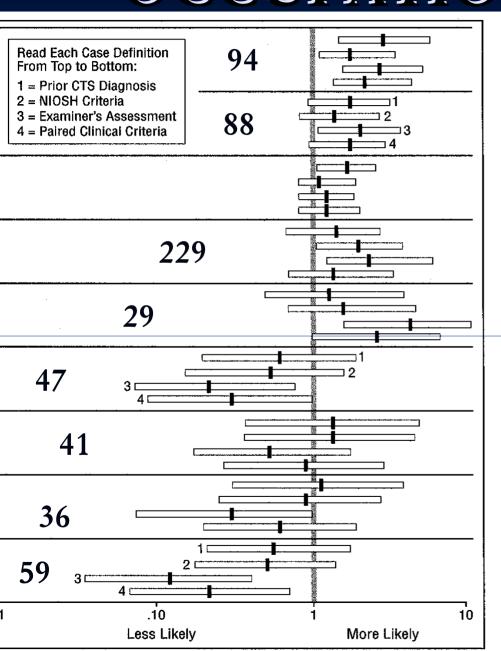
TOTAL: 109 CONDITIONS IN 98 PTS

PATIENTS WERE UNAWARE OF 2/3 OF THEM

DISEASE OR OBESITY IN WORK-RELATED CTS



OCCUPATION AND CIS



MEDICAL DISEASE OBESITY (BMI > 30) **INCREASING AGE** FEMALE SEX INDUSTRIAL WORK OFFICE/CLERICAL **DATA ENTRY** GAMES DEALER **SUPERMARKET**

CTS IS SELDOM PURE

- OF 195 PATIENTS DIAGNOSED WITH CTS, 81% HAD SIGNIFICANT MUSCULOSKELTAL SYMPTOMS
- 37% SAID THEY WOULDN'T HAVE SEEN A DOCTOR IF ALL THEY HAD WERE PARESTHESIAS

CTS CAUSES PARESTHESIAS IN THE FINGERS +/- PALM ONLY.

CTS DOES NOT CAUSE WRIST PAIN OR ARM PAIN

NERVE CONDUCTION AND OCCUPATION

CROSS-SECTIONAL STUDIES

- 1. NO SIGNIFICAN'T DIFFERENCES IN GROUP OF POUL'TRY WORKERS VS. THOSE APPLYING FOR WORK Schottland, et al
- 2. NO DIFFERENCE IN SYMPTOMATIC EMPLOYEES USING VD'T's VS. THOSE WITHOUT SYMPTOMS

 Bernard, et al

LONGITUDINAL STUDIES

316 WORKERS; 660 HANDS STUDIED

- TESTED AT BASELINE AND 5 YEARS LATER
- JOBS CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO RESISTANCE AND REPETITION
- CORRECTED FOR AGE, HAND DOMINANCE, AND OBESITY
- NO MEDIAN NERVE CONDUCTION
 DIFFERENCES DETECTED BETWEEN JOBS OR
 WITHIN JOBS

Nathan, et al

COMPUTER USE AND CTS

MAYO CLINIC (2001)

- NO DIFFERENCE IN CTS FREQUENCY
 BETWEEN COMPUTER USERS AND NON-USERS
- PREVALENCE OF C'TS IN COMPUTER USERS SAME AS GENERAL POPLUALATION

SWEDEN (2007)

- 2,465 PEOPLE SURVEYED, RESPONDANTS EXAMINED
- PREVALENCE OF CTS DECREASED AS COMPUTER KEYBOARD USE INCREASED
- CONCLUSION: INTENSIVE KEYBOARD USE REDUCES THE RISK OF CTS!

REMOVING THE PRESUMPTIVE CAUSE

ERGONOMIC INTERVENTIONS

AFTER A REVIEW OF THE WORLD'S
LITERATURE ON WORKPLACE
INTERVENTIONS FOR THE PREVENTION
OF CTS, THE AUTHORS CONCLUDED:

"...IT IS TROUBLING THAT THE SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE IN SUPPORT OF PRIMARY PREVENTION INTERVENTIONS IS SO SCANT."

ENOUGH EVIDENCE IS IN

CARPAL TUNNEL SYNDROME

- IS NOT CAUSED BY ORDINARY REPETITIVE USE
- IS DIAGNOSED FAR MORE OFTEN THAN IT REALLY OCCURS
- IS OFTEN ASSOCIATED WITH UNRECOGNIZED UNDERLYING MEDICAL DISEASES

CARPAL TUNNEL SYNDROME: THE EVIDENCE MANDATES

- THAT ALL PATIENTS WITH SUSPECTED
 CTS HAVE A THOROUGH EVALUATION
 FOR CONFOUNDING MEDICAL DISEASE
 OR OBESITY
- THAT ELECTRODIAGNOSTIC STUDIES HAVE SUCH A HIGH FALSE-POSITIVE RATE THAT THEY BE RESERVED FOR CONFUSING SITUATIONS OR PRE-OPERATIVE CONFIRMATION

EMPLOYEE'S CLAIM FOR COMPENSATION/REPORT OF INITIAL TREATMENT

		PLEASE	TYPE OF				
PERSONAL PROPERTY.	EMPLOY	EE'S CLAIM - PROVI			TION REQUEST	ED	
First Name M.I.		Last Name	Birthdate		Sex	Claim Number (Insurer's Use Only)	
Home Address			Age	Height	Weight	Social Security Number	
City	ty State		Zip		Telephone	Telephone	
Physical Address	City		State Zip		Zip	Primary Language Spoken	
INSURER	THIRD-PARTY ADMINISTRA			Employee's Occupation (Job Title) When Injury or Occupational Disease Occurred			
Employer's Name/Company Name						Telephone	
Office Mail Address (Numb	per and Street)						
Date of Injury (if applicable)	Hours Injury (if applie	cable) Date Employer I			of Work After Injury ational Disease	Supervisor to Whom Injury Reported	
Address or Location of Ac	am cident (if applicable)						
What were you doing at th	e time of the accident	? (if applicable)					
How did this injury or occu	pational disease occu	r? (Be specific and answer	r in detail.	lon	nect if necess	sary)	
If you believe that you have an occupational disease, when did you first have knowledge of the disability and its Witnesses to the Accident (if							
relationship to your employment? applicable)							
Nature of Injury or Occupa	ational Disease		Part(s)	of Body Inju	red or Affected		
INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE AND SURGEON, PRACTITIONER, OR INSURANCE COMPANY, OR OT PERTINENT TO THIS INJURY OF	OCCUPATIONAL DISEASES OTHER PERSON, ANY HO HER INSTITUTION OR ORG R DISEASE, EXCEPT INFOR	HE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE A ACTS (NRS 618A TO 618D, INCI- SPITAL, INCLUDING VETERANS ANIZATION TO RELEASE TO EA MATION RELATIVE TO DIAGNO PECIFIC AUTHORIZATION, A PHO	ADMINISTRACH OTHER, ISIS, TREATA	CHAPTER 617 ATION OR GO ANY MEDICAL MENT AND/OR	OF NRS), I HEREBY AL VERNMENTAL HOSPIT/ L OR OTHER INFORMA: COUNSELING FOR RIZATION SHAPE	AL AND AL SERVICE ORGANIZATION ANY	
AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	E COMPLETED AND	MAILED		THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	S OF TREATMENT	
Place	KEFORT MOST B	Decision of the state of the st	ame of F		WORKING DAT	3 OF TREATMENT	
Date	Diagnosis and Description of Injury or Ocaspation asse				Is there evidence that the injured employee was under the influence of alcohol and/or another controlled substance at the time of the accident?		
Hour					□ No □ Yes (if yes, please explain)		
Treatment: Have you advised the patient to remain off work five days or more?							
riedulieri.					☐ Yes Indicate dates: from to		
						byee capable of: full duty modified duty	
X-Ray Findings:				If modified duty, specify any limitations/restrictions:			
From information given by the connect this injury or occupat		medical evidence, can you d red?	lirectly			ACCOMPLICATION	
Is additional medical care	by a physician indicat	ed? 🗆 Yes 🗆 No					
Do you know of any previ	ous injury or disease o	contributing to this condition	n or occup	ational dise	ase? Yes	No (Explain if yes)	
Date				ify that the employer's copy of orm was mailed to the employer on:			
Address					INSURER'S		
City State	Zip Pro	vider's Tax I.D. Number	Telephone				
Doctor's Signature			Degree	е			

GIANT RED FLAGS

"REPETITIVE MOTION" NAMED AS CAUSE OF **PROBLEM**

CTS DIAGNOSED

THE HARDEST **CLAIMS TO CLOSE ARE** THOSE THAT **NEVER SHOULD** HAVE BEEN **ACCEPTED**

SpecialtyHealth



TRANSPARENCY

